

CORRECTIONS

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SOME BIOSYSTEMATIC NOTES ON *PRUNUS* APHID
PARASITOIDS (APHIDIIDAE: HYMENOPTERA) IN YUGOSLAVIA

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Key for identification aphid parasitoid species based on females

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| 1 [6] | Pterostigmal cell closed. Antennae 11-segmented. Mummified aphids black. | <i>Ephedrus</i> Haliday |
| 2 [3] | Radial abscissa 2 shorter than interradial vein 1 (Fig. I, 4).
Third valvulae as in Fig. I, 5. | <i>E. persicae</i> Froggat |
| 3 [2] | Radial abscissa 2 longer than interradial vein 1. | |
| 4 [5] | First flagellar segment (F1) predominantly yellow and considerably longer than second flagellar segment (F2), with one short rhinaria (Fig. I, 3). Third valvulae as in Fig. I, 6. | <i>E. cerasicola</i> Stary |
| 5 [4] | First flagellar segment (F1) predominantly dark and somewhat longer than second flagellar segment (F2) with several rhinaria. | <i>E. plagiator</i> (Nees) |
| 6 [1] | Pterostigmal cell open. Antennae 11 or more segmented.
Mummified aphids brown or yellowish. | |
| 7 [8] | Pupation under parasitized aphid. Mesoscutum and forewing as in Figs. I, 1 and I, 2. | <i>Praon</i> Holiday
<i>P. volucre</i> (Haliday) |
| 8 [7] | Pupation in parasitized aphid. | |

- 9 [12] Radial and median cells confluent (Fig. II, 3). Medial vein present. Antennae 14-18 segmented. *Aphidius* Nees
- 10 [11] Maxillary palps 3-segmented. Antennae 14-15 segmented (Fig. II, 8). Anterolateral area of petiolus costulate (8-11) (Fig. II, 4). *A. matricariae* Haliday
- 11 [10] Maxillary palps 4-segmented. Antennae 17-18 segmented. Anterolateral area of petiolus costate (2-6). *A. avenae* Haliday
- 12 [9] Radial and median cells opened. Medial vein reduced or absent. Antennae 11-13-segmented.
- 13 [14] Only a remnant of medial vein present, just under the second interradial vein (Fig. II, 2). Antennae 12-13-segmented. Petiolus as in Fig. II, 6. *Lysiphlebus* Förster
L. fabarum Marshall
- 14 [15] Medial vein absent. Antennae 11-12-segmented.
- 15 [16] Radial vein short. Last abdominale sternite with two prongs. Antennae 11-12 - segmented, flagellar segments not elongated. Petiolus as in Fig. II, 5. *Binodoxys* Machauer
B. angelicae (Haliday)
- 16 [17] Radial vein very long, parallel to metacarpus, nearly reaching the wing margin (Fig. II, 1). Last abdominal sternite without prongs. Antennae 12-segmented, flagellar segments considerably elongated (Fig. II, 7). *Lepolexis* Förster
L. gracilis Förster

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